

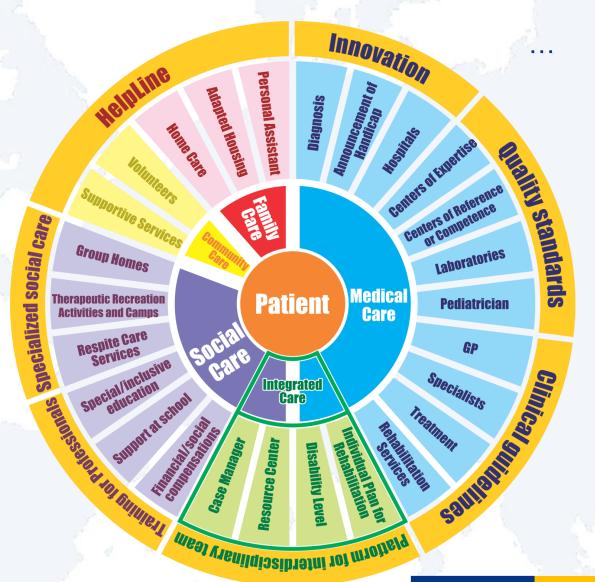


Terkel Andersen, formand EURORDIS & Danmarks Bløderforening

Europlan Conference København 23 januar 2015

eurordis.org

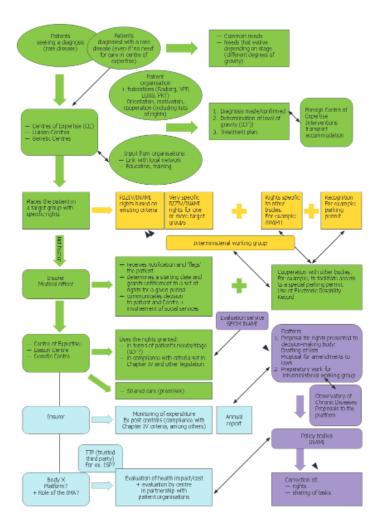
Integrated care for RD patients?



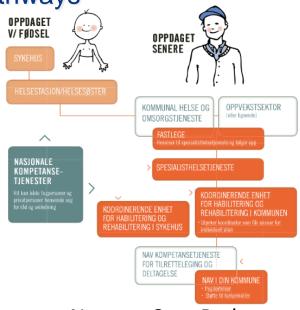


Why integrated care for RD patients?

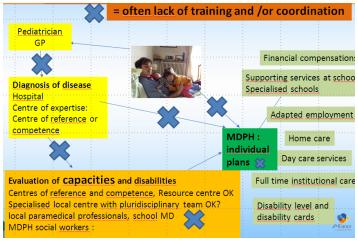
Patients need to go trough complex care pathways



Belgium Care Pathway



Norway Care Pathway



France Care Pathway



EUCERD quality criteria

Centres of expertise

- Multidisciplinary approach coordination with social services
- Contribute to building health care pathways from primary care
- Collaborate with patients' organisations
- Centres designated by Member States
- Organise collaborations for the continuity of care from childhood to adulthood and at all stages of the disease, produce guidelines.
 Referrals to other countries

European Union Committee of Experts on Rare Diseases

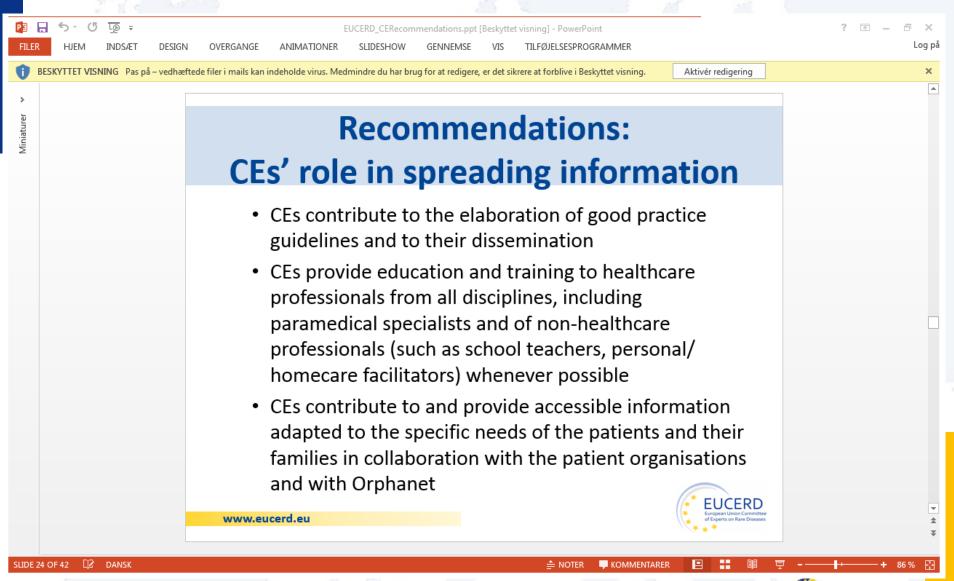


EUCERD RECOMMENDATIONS



QUALITY CRITERIA FOR CENTRES OF EXPERTISE FOR RARE DISEASES IN MEMBER STATES

24 OCTOBER 2011



2. European Reference Networks (ERNs) for RDs: the EUCERD Recommendations

HIGHLIGHTS

- RD ERNs will link Centres of Expertise and specialised healthcare providers, social care providers, patient groups, diagnosis labs, research groups ...
- Flexible framework for healthcare pathways to patients
- Will facilitate mobility of expertise + cross border healthcare for RD-patients



ON
RARE DISEASE EUROPEAN
REFERENCE NETWORKS (RD
ERNS)

31 January 2013



Possible Solutions to greater integration of care

Structural/ framework:

- Greater integration of policy activities, communication and recommendations
- Supported by long-term funding and sustainable policies between health and social care
- Structured national integrated care pathways supported by integrated budgets

Integrated, multi-disciplinary, patient centred and continuous care:

- Flexibility of care models, integrated multi-disciplinary and multi-system approach
- Capacity to coordinate care between providers and sectors (health, social, employment); between local, regional, national and international structures; between public, private and civil society partners;
- Proximity care, case managers (coordinators, handlers, case management teams)
- Individual care plans, life plans; the importance of active life, autonomy, dreams

(Possible solutions have been identified in: Reports from EUROPLAN National Conferences (2012-2015), National Plans, Discussions at EUCERD Joint Action workshop on 'Social Care' for RDs)

